

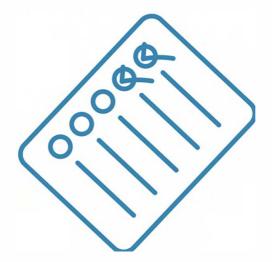
The Positive Coaching Alliance Practice Model gives coaches a set structure to design consistent dynamic sessions that build upon both sports and social-emotional skills (SEL). A thoughtful practice plan includes transitions to support movement from one activity to the next and emphasizes safety and connection to maximize learning. Using a set routine prepares kids so they know what to expect, which is a critical component of helping them feel secure and comfortable.



THE MODEL

1. PREPARATION

- Plan practice before you arrive at the field using the same structure throughout the season
- Design a practice which focuses on one skill/theme



2. SET-UP

- Arrive at least 15 minutes early to set up equipment
- Be available to talk to players as they arrive





3. OPENING CIRCLE

- Welcome players to practice and thank them for showing up
- Check-in (e.g., Ask players to put their thumb up for a great day, thumb sideways for an okay day, or thumb down for a rough day. Pay attention to whose thumb is down.)
- Review team agreements (e.g., 1. Have fun 2. Try your best 3. Respect each other)
- Introduce the skill/theme of the day

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Make sure the opening circle is a safe space free from distraction

Emotional - Ensure all players are equally in the circle (e.g., no one has their back to anyone else)

Youth Engagement

Voice - Invite a few players to share something about their day

Choice - Have a player select a team agreement to focus on during practice

Leadership - Ask a few players to help you gather the team in for the opening circle

Team Building

Caring Adults - Welcome everyone to practice, be warm and friendly

Supportive Peers - Encourage players to look at everyone else's thumb to see how their teammates are doing

Physical Activity

No physical activity examples for the opening circle



Skill Building

Sports Skills - Introduce the skill of the day

Life Skills - If some thumbs are down during check-in, give players support (e.g., "If you're having a rough day, ask for help. If you see a teammate having a bad day, you can help them.")

SEL Skills

Remind players they need to take care of each other

Model empathy by letting players know that even if they are having a thumbs down day, you are available to support them



4. WARM-UP

- Play an energizer game instead of running laps
- Players should be a little out of breath and starting to sweat
- Include stretching this is a great place for players to choose the stretches

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Make sure players don't start too fast (e.g., sprinting before jogging and stretching)

Emotional - Make sure everyone is equally involved (e.g., if you warm up with a tag game, make sure the same person isn't always "it")

Youth Engagement

Voice - Have the players count to 10 together when stretching

Choice - Ask players to recommend stretches

Leadership - Have two captains of the day lead the team stretches

Team Building

Caring Adults - Give individual feedback, use names, participate in warm-up with players

Supportive Peers - Use partner stretches and have pairs answer a get-to-know-you question while stretching (e.g., "What do you like about school? What do you like to eat?")

Physical Activity

Consistent - Make sure players move throughout warm-ups (e.g., use dynamic stretching instead of static)

Challenging - Ensure players feel loose and have started to get a little out of breath, preparing their bodies for practice

Fun - Use fun warm-up games instead of running laps

Skill Building

Sports Skills - Make sure players are stretching with the proper technique

Life Skills - Players can lose focus during stretching; talk to the team about the importance of staying focused during a task

SEL Skills

Be positive during this activity, set the tone for practice

Find opportunities to acknowledge players for being supportive and kind to each other





5. DRILL

- Break the sports skill down into smaller, teachable components (e.g. "I want to see you 1. Keeping your head up 2. Using both feet 3. Keeping the soccer ball close to you")
- Use a visual demonstration instead of only telling players what you want them to do
- Get players moving quickly
- Avoid long lines

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Make sure players are using correct technique

Emotional - Give all players the chance to practice the skill at their own pace

Youth Engagement

Voice - Have players give each other feedback

Choice - Offer players an optout option to help them manage difficulties

Leadership - Have a player or two demonstrate the skill



Team Building

Caring Adults - Use positive body language and tone when giving feedback

Supportive Peers - Have players work in small groups to practice the skill of the day

Physical Activity

Consistent - Use all your equipment and limit the time players are standing in lines

Challenging - Incorporate progression in activities (e.g., 1. Start dribbling inside the half court 2. Dribble only with your left hand 3. Dribble only with you right hand 4. Pair up and dribble vs. a defender)

Fun - Incorporate activities that don't result in elimination (e.g., "If your ball gets knocked out of the grid, do 10 toe taps and reenter.")

Skill Building

Sports Skills - Focus on progress not performance; make sure players focus on their own growth; give specific improvement feedback in addition to encouragement

Life Skills - If players struggle, help them find new strategies and encourage them to stay positive and stick with it

SEL Skills

As players learn new skills, focus on reinforcing their positive outlook, effort, and mastery

Help players manage their frustration by using strategies to calm themselves (e.g., encourage them to take deep breaths)

Remind them it's ok to make mistakes as they're part of learning



6. GAME

Practice the skill of the day in a fun way with lots of peer-to-peer interaction and a little competition

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Create a safe space with boundary markers and mark any field hazards with cones

Emotional - When you start to introduce competition, make sure the players still focus on individual improvement

Youth Engagement

Voice - Have players give each other positive feedback (e.g., guide players to state things they saw teammates doing well, such as trying hard and dribbling well)

Choice - Let players pick a progression in the activity (e.g., in relay races, let a player pick a specific way the teams must dribble the ball through the cones)

Leadership - Have players take turns identifying the team's strengths and areas of growth

Team Building

Caring Adults - Use names and acknowledge effort

Supportive Peers - Have small groups come up with team names and cheer for each other

Physical Activity

Consistent - Limit games that cause players or teams to be eliminated which leads to inactivity

Challenging - Layer in additional variations of the skill so it becomes increasingly challenging

Fun - Include a little competition that doesn't focus only on winning and losing (e.g., add up completed passes or how many times the entire team can touch the basketball before scoring a basket)

Skill Building

Sports Skills - If players are becoming more focused on outcome remind them success is more likely with practice

Life Skills - Talk to the team
about supporting each other
and how that skill is important
in other areas like school and

SEL Skills

family

Help players manage stress by creating a 'Chill Out Zone'

Use a 1-10 scale indicator to help players identify their own emotions and help them self-regulate

Use reflection questions to help
 players find different ways to
 respond to challenges

Help players identify their strengths and ways they have developed their competencies



7. SCRIMMAGE

- Include a scrimmage at each practice
- Keep coaching points to a minimum
- Let the team play and try out the skills they just learned

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Make sure the rules are followed and proper equipment is used

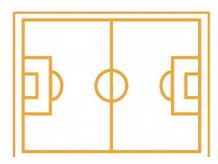
Emotional - Referee the scrimmage to keep things fair

Youth Engagement

Voice - At halftime, ask players to evaluate their own performance

Choice - Let players choose their team name

Leadership - Assign different team captains each week



Team Building

Caring Adults - Use positive coaching techniques (e.g., give lots of encouragement, acknowledge effort, use encouraging body language)

Supportive Peers - Award extra points for sportsmanship towards own team and opposition

Physical Activity

Consistent - Have substitutes rotate in regularly

Challenging - Increase the size of the playing space (e.g., play full court instead of half court)

Fun - Don't stop the game and coach a lot; let the team play versus have players stand and listen to you

Skill Building

Sports Skills - Acknowledge players who are applying the skill of the day to the scrimmage

Life Skills - Acknowledge players who are willing to be flexible and play out of their preferred position, connect this to life and not always getting what we want and how we can positively respond to these situations

SEL Skills

If players struggle praise their efforts

Remind players that even in competition it's important to show kindness to others, including the opponent

Take note of the examples of kindness you see and highlight a few of them at the end of practice



8. COOL DOWN

- At the end of practice, have the players lightly jog
- Gradually bring their heart rate down
- Include stretching

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Gradually bring the intensity down

Emotional - Rotate leaders so all players know they are equally valued

Youth Engagement

Voice - Have players count aloud during the team stretches

Choice - Have players select stretches

Leadership - Have players lead stretching



Team Building

Caring Adults - Casually go around individually checking in with players and acknowledge something positive you saw them do during practice

Supportive Peers - Group players into partners during stretches and have each pair share something they enjoyed about practice

Physical Activity

Consistent - Incorporate a cool down at every practice so players expect it as part of the team's routine

Challenging - N/A

Fun - Incorporate a variety of ways to gradually bring player's physical and emotional state down

Skill Building

Sports Skills - Demonstrate proper stretching techniques

Life Skills - Connect for players that physically cooling down after practice is great practice for also cooling down emotionally

SEL Skills

Reinforce where you saw players being positive with each other

Instead of telling players they did a good job, say "great effort" to let the team know it's about the action of trying that is most important



9. CLOSING CIRCLE

- Ask players how they improved the skill/theme of the day
- Ask players to recognize a teammate for doing well
- Ask players for suggestions on other skills to work on at practice
- Use the thumb check to see how your players are doing at the end of practice
- Follow up with any players who seem to be having a bad day

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Safety

Physical - Make sure everyone is part of the circle and no one leaves early without proper supervision

Emotional - Include everyone in the circle; pay extra attention to players' emotions and how they might have changed during the course of practice

Youth Engagement

Voice - Ask the players what they liked or want to be different about practice next time

Choice - Ask the players what other skills they want to work on

Leadership - Have the team captains help you with equipment

Team Building

Caring Adults - Tell players you noticed their effort

Supportive Peers - Have players recognize each other (e.g., "Who saw a teammate trying hard today?")

Physical Activity

No physical activity examples for the closing circle



Skill Building

Sports Skills - Provide players with feedback on how they improved on the skill of the day

Life Skills - Discuss any teachable moments

SEL Skills

Highlight something you felt the team did well and ask players to provide examples (e.g., "Today I felt like everyone was really positive and taking care of each other. Can anyone give me some examples?")



10. COACH REFLECTION

An important step to improve your coaching is to reflect on your practices and games

- Determine if you need support and make a commitment to seek that support
- Identify areas for improvement and adjust accordingly
- Identify any judgements or biases you have that impacted your interactions with your players

POSITIVE SPORT ENVIRONMENT EXAMPLES:

Think about how you integrated the **Positive Sport Environment Examples** into your practice.

Make a note of the

Positive Sport Environment Examples you did well bringing to life and ones you might improve next time.

SEL Skills

Reflect on how well you modeled empathy

Identify different ways you can reinforce life skills with your players



